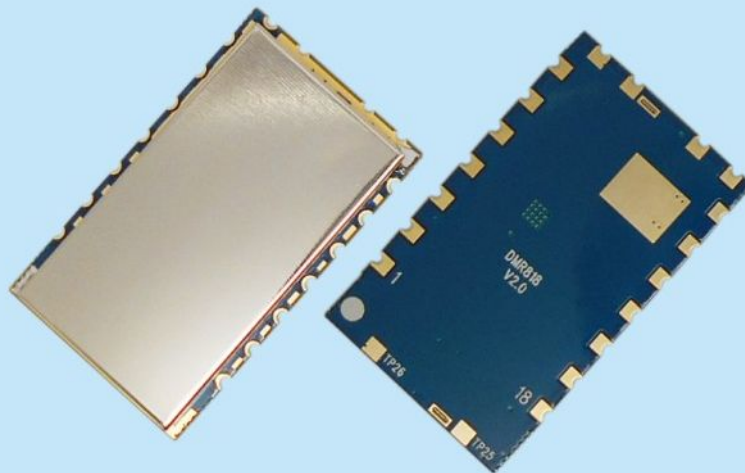


Product Datasheet V2.0

2W High Power Digital Mobile Radio Module
DMR818



Catalogue

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Note: Revision History

Revision	Date	Comment
V1.0	2016-06	First release

1. Descriptions

DMR818 is a 2W long distance DMR walkie talkie module, it comes with built-in high performance microcontroller, digital mobile radio IC and RF power amplifier. All parameters(CTCSS, CDCSS, SQ, Predefined channels etc.) can be easily modified with protocol. With external power supply, speaker, and audio amplifier, it is easy to become a professional digital walkie talkie. Simplified interface and Ultra small size make this module widely used in various applications and conveniently embedded into various handheld device.

➤ **DMR mode:**

- Message transmission and reception.
- Message calling return receipt;
- Enhanced encryption of Voice and Text message.
- Various voice call types: All call, Group call and Private call;
- Reminder for input calling, calling status checking
- Emergency alarm and radio monitor;
- Radio kill and activate;
- Repeater

➤ **Analog mode:**

- CTCSS/CDCSS configurable
- Squelch levels configurable

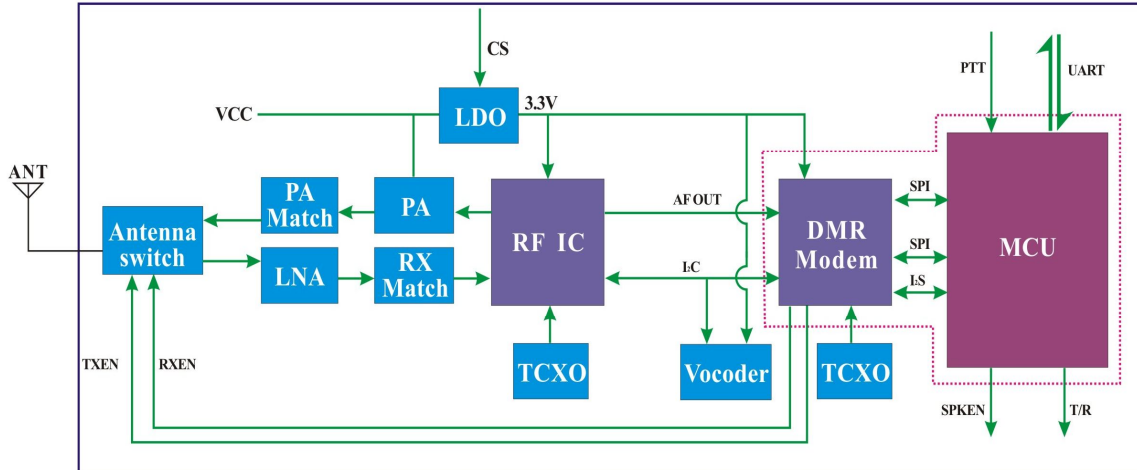
2. Features

- UHF band frequency: 400~470 MHz
- Distance up to 8Km
- Max power output to 2W,
low power to 0.5W
- High Sensitivity: -124dBm
- Bit error rate down to 1% under -121dBm
- Independent frequency for Tx and Rx.
- Bandwidth: 12.5 / 25 KHz
- DMR(Digital Mobile Radio)/
- Message transmission and reception
- Built-in EEPROM, data saved even powered off
- 1ppm TCXO crystal
- 51 CTCSS
- 166 CDCSS
- 9 adjustable volume

3. Application

- DMR walkie talkie module
- building security system
- Invisible intercom system
- audio surveillance system

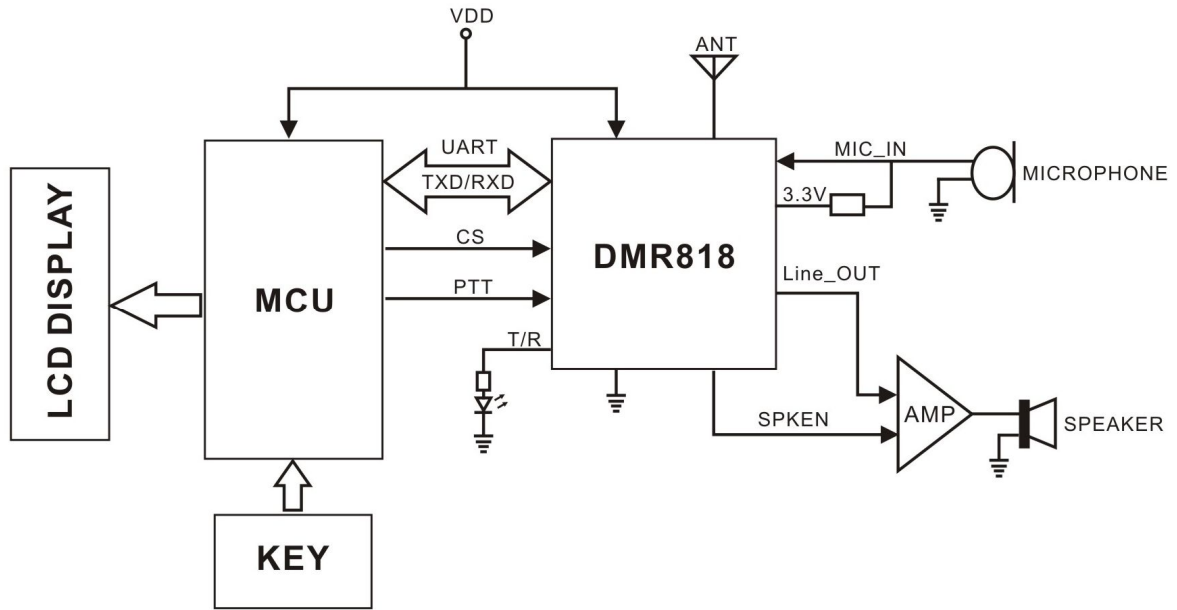
4. Block Diagram



5. Electrical Characteristics

Parameters	Test condition	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Voltage range		3.3	4.0	5.0	V
Operating Temperature		-20	25	60	°C
Frequency range		400		470	MHZ
Start time			100		ms
Uart baud rate			57600		bps
Current consumption					
Sleep current			< 1		uA
Rx current			< 105		mA
Tx current (high power)	@VCC=5.0V,2W		< 1.1		A
Tx current (high power)	@VCC=4.0V		<950		mA
Tx current (low power)	@VCC=4.0V		<500		mA
RF parameters					
Tx power (high power)	@VCC=4.0V		1.5		W
Tx power (low power)			500		mW
adjacent-channel power	@12.5K offset		-62		dBm
Mic input voltage			0.1	1.6	Vpp
Rx parameters					
Sensitivity			-124		dBm
Receiving BER(DMR modulation)	@ -121dBm		1		%
Audio output amplitude			1.6	3.0	V
Audio Output impedance			30		KOhm

6. Typical Schematic Circuit:



7. Functions descriptions:

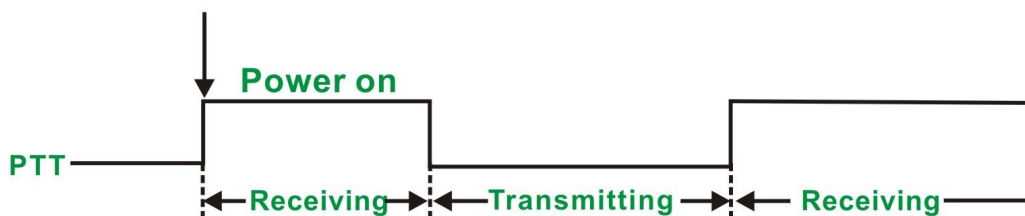
DMR818 has default 16 channels, CH1~CH8 in DMR mode, CH9~CH16 in analog mode. All the parameters can be configured by serial instructions. For details, please check “DMR818 communication protocol”.

Note: When module in radio killed mode, most of the serial instructions can't be responded, It will return message 0x07 (Radio killed) or 0x01(Busy) to indicate.

1) Voice transmission

“PTT” pin is used to control the voice transmission. Pull low to enable voice transmission; High to end transmission.

Timing operation:



Note: Serial instructions can also be used to enable voice transmission and ending. For details, please check “DMR818 communication protocol”

2) Voice receiving

After power on, DMR818 will enter into receiving mode automatically. It will return back to

receiving mode after voice transmission ended.

For details of receiving process, please check “DMR818 communication protocol”.

3) Messaging

Message can be set as confirmation message and non-confirmation message before transmission. When the message is set as non-confirmation, the message can be rejected or accepted by the receiver. When the message is confirmation, it will be accepted by user. Pre-written message can be stored and used.

For details of messages, please check “DMR818 communication protocol”.

4) Switch of Audio amplifier

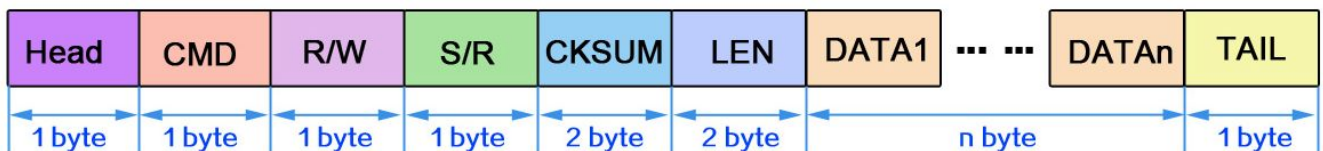
Pin “SPK_EN” is used to control external audio amplifier. When playing voice, SPK_EN in high level, low level when other status. The timing of SPK_EN as blow:



8. Brief of Serial Communication Protocol

All the parameters of DMR818 can be configured using Serial Communication Protocol. **MSB for the command.**

Format as below:



The definition of protocol as below:

Off set	Flag	Length	Comment	Detail
0	Head	1	Packet header	0x68
1	CMD	1	command	0x01~0x28: parameter function refer to table 1
2	R/W	1	Read /write operation	0x00: reading ; 0x01: writing ; (external CPU TX is writing, external CPU RX is reading) 0x02: initiative sending

3	S/R	1	Setting/Responding	setting: 0x01: start answering: 0x00 Done 0x01 busy or fail (note 2) 0x02 No channel or channel errors (note 3) 0x07 module killed 0x09 check error note: message, voice refer to below corresponding specification
4,5	CKSUM	2	Checksum	Checksum for all the packet
6,7	LEN	2	Data length	DATA length, no information, LEN is 0
8	DATA	len	Data info	
	TAIL	1	Tail of packet	0x10

Note 1: CMD as below:

CMD	Function	Message available for All channels or current channel	Message save when Power off (yes / no)
0x01	Channel change		yes
0x02	Receive volume	All	yes
0x03	scanning	current channel	no
0x04	Transceiver status checking	current channel	no
0x05	Signal strength value	current channel	no
0x06	Various call modes (Call Type)	current channel	no
0x07	Message mode setting and transmit	current channel	no
0x09	Emergency alarm	current channel	no
0x0a	Enhancements	current channel	no
0x0b	Mic Gain configuration	All	yes
0x0c	Power-saving mode configuration	All	yes
0x0d	Transceiver frequency	current channel	yes
0x0e	Repeater/off-web	current channel	no
0x10	Receive/call type, number output	current channel	no
0x11	Read received data	current channel	no
0x12	SQ setting	current channel	yes
0x13	Mode of CTCSS/CDCSS	current channel	yes
0x14	CTCSS/CDCSS	current channel	yes
0x15	Monitor switch	current channel	no
0x16	Bit Error rates		no
0x17	High/low power	current channel	yes
0x18	Contact person	current channel	no

0x19	Encryption switch	current channel	no
0x1a	Completed initialization		no
0x22	Transmit contacts information	current channel	no
0x23	Testing message	current channel	no
0x24	ID reading	all	no
0x25	Firmware Version reading	all	no
0x26	Check contacts list	all	no
0x27	Checking scan status	current channel	no
0x28	Checking encryption status	current channel	no

Note 2: When DMR818 is transmitting, receiving, and configuring, it will show 0x01 to tell setting fail for busy.

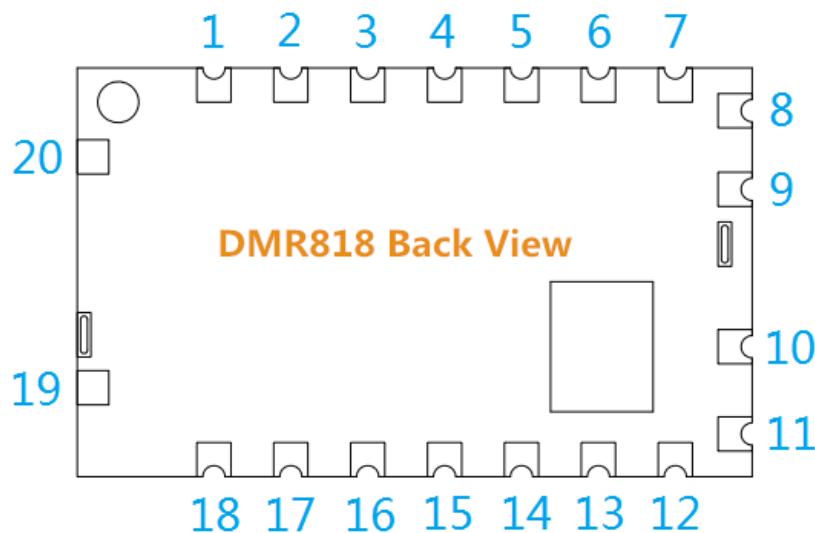
Note 3: It show 0x02 for below condition:

3.1: When change to non-exist channel;

3.2: It all happen when configure DMR settings in analogy channel(such as: message, special functions) ,

3.3 : Configure analog parameters in DMR channel.

9. Pin Assignment



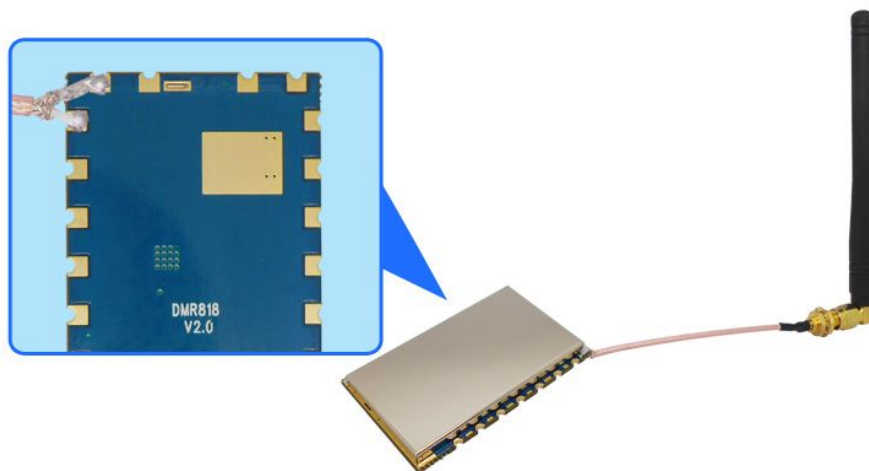
Pin NO.	Pin name	Description
1	MIC_IN	Microphone or line in
2	UART-TX	Transmit
3	UART-RX	receive
4	SWCLK	Reserved for program Burning
5	SWDIO	Reserved for program Burning

6	ARM_RST	Reserved for program Burning
7	ANT	connect 50 ohm antenna
8	GND	grounding
9	GND	grounding
10	GND	grounding
11	VCC	External and Positive supply 3.3~5V
12	EZP_CS	Reserved for program Burning
13	CS	Leave Open or high level for normal working, pull low to enter sleeping mode
14	PTT	Module Input, Transmitting/receiving control, pull low to force the module to enter TX state; pull high for Rx state
18	+3.3V	3.3V output, connect to 50mA
16	LINE_OUT	Audio output
17	T/R	Module Output, status of Transmitting/receiving, High for TX and low for Rx
18	SPKEN	Audio amplifier control
19	GND	grounding
20	GND	grounding

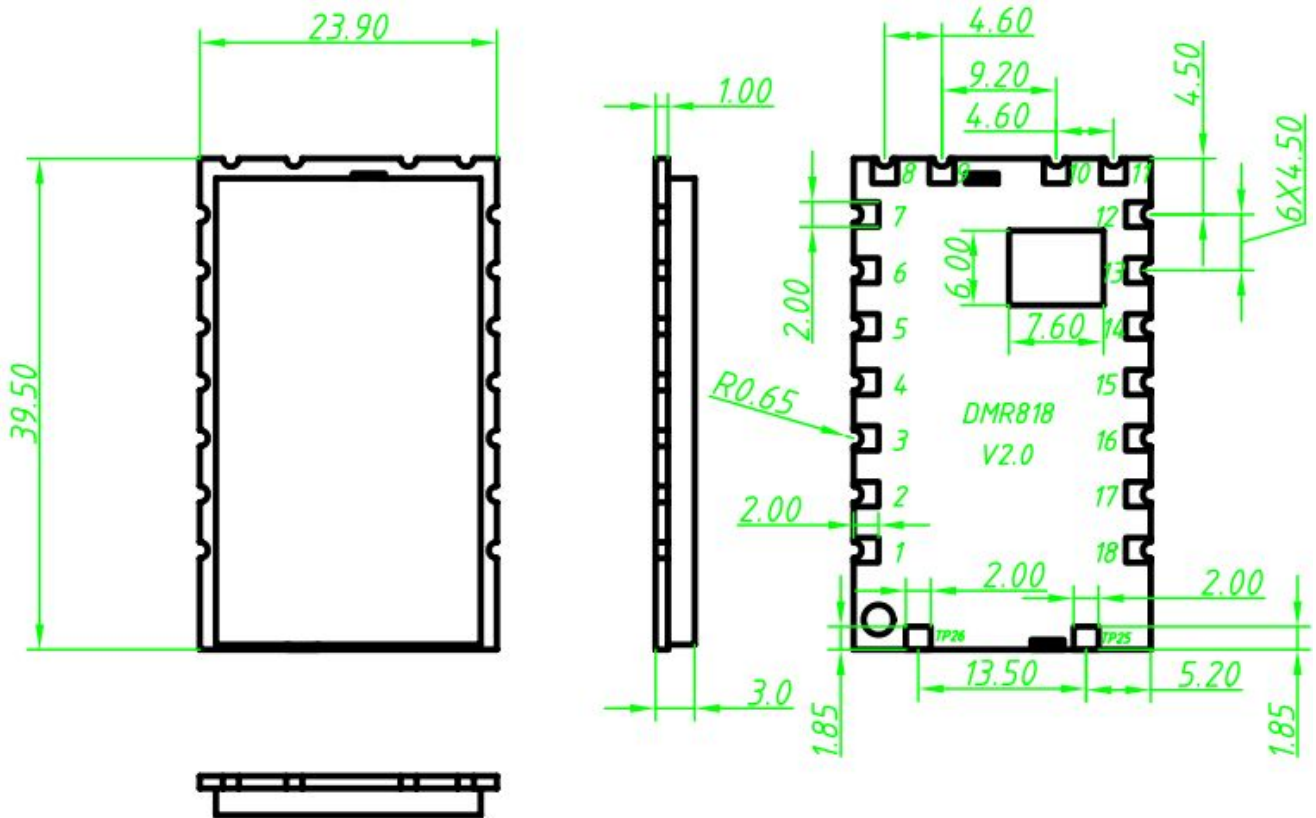
10. Accessories

1) Antenna

The antenna is very important for RF communication, Its performance will affect the communication, The module requires the antenna with 50Ω impedance. Universal antennas are Rod antenna, sucker antenna and telescopic antenna, User can choose the right antenna according to their application. We advise to use antennas listed on our website to get better performance.



11. Mechanism Dimension



Appendix 1: Display and Sending Table of CTCSS/CDCSS

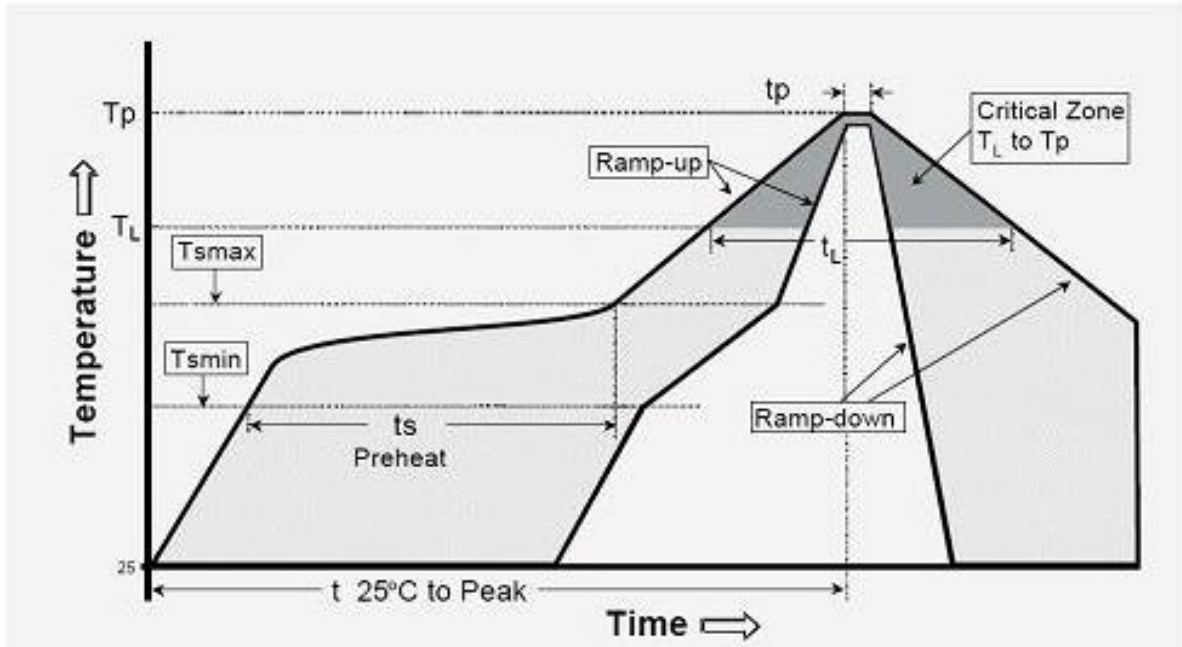
CTCSS No.	CTCSS Freq.		CDCSS No	CTCSS Freq.		Inverse CDCSS	CTCSS Freq.
0	62.5		0	023I		0	023N
1	67		1	025I		1	025N
2	69.3		2	026I		2	026N
3	71.9		3	031I		3	031N
4	74.4		4	032I		4	032N
5	77		5	043I		5	043N
6	79.7		6	047I		6	047N
7	82.5		7	051I		7	051N
8	85.4		8	054I		8	054N
9	88.5		9	065I		9	065N
10	91.5		10	071I		10	071N
11	94.8		11	072I		11	072N
12	97.4		12	073I		12	073N
13	100		13	074I		13	074N
14	103.5		14	114I		14	114N
15	107.2		15	115I		15	115N
16	110.9		16	116I		16	116N
17	114.8		17	125I		17	125N
18	118.8		18	131I		18	131N
19	123		19	132I		19	132N
20	127.3		20	134I		20	134N
21	131.8		21	143I		21	143N
22	136.5		22	152I		22	152N
23	141.3		23	155I		23	155N
24	146.2		24	156I		24	156N
25	151.4		25	162I		25	162N

26	156.7		26	165I		26	165N
27	159.8		27	172I		27	172N
28	162.2		28	174I		28	174N
29	165.5		29	205I		29	205N
30	167.9		30	223I		30	223N
31	171.3		31	226I		31	226N
32	173.8		32	243I		32	243N
33	177.3		33	244I		33	244N
34	179.9		34	245I		34	245N
35	183.5		35	251I		35	251N
36	186.2		36	261I		36	261N
37	189.9		37	263I		37	263N
38	192.8		38	265I		38	265N
39	196.6		39	271I		39	271N
40	199.5		40	306I		40	306N
41	203.5		41	311I		41	311N
42	206.5		42	315I		42	315N
43	210.7		43	331I		43	331N
44	218.1		44	343I		44	343N
45	225.7		45	346I		45	346N
46	229.1		46	351I		46	351N
47	233.6		47	364I		47	364N
48	241.8		48	365I		48	365N
49	250.3		49	371I		49	371N
50	254.1		50	411I		50	411N
			51	412I		51	412N
			52	413I		52	413N
			53	423I		53	423N
			54	431I		54	431N
			55	432I		55	432N

			56	445I		56	445N
			57	464I		57	464N
			58	465I		58	465N
			59	466I		59	466N
			60	503I		60	503N
			61	506I		61	506N
			62	516I		62	516N
			63	532I		63	532N
			64	546I		64	546N
			65	565I		65	565N
			66	606I		66	606N
			67	612I		67	612N
			68	624I		68	624N
			69	627I		69	627N
			70	631I		70	631N
			71	632I		71	632N
			72	654I		72	654N
			73	662I		73	662N
			74	664I		74	664N
			75	703I		75	703N
			76	712I		76	712N
			77	723I		77	723N
			78	731I		78	731N
			79	732I		79	732N
			80	734I		80	734N
			81	743I		81	743N
			82	754I		82	754N

Appendix2: SMD Reflow Chart

We recommend you should obey the IPC related standards in setting the reflow profile:



IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020B the condition for lead-free reflow soldering	big size components (thickness $\geq 2.5\text{mm}$)
The ramp-up rate (T_L to T_p)	3°C/s (max.)
preheat temperature	
- Temperature minimum (T_{smin})	150°C
- Temperature maximum (T_{smax})	200°C
- preheat time (t_s)	60~180s
Average ramp-up rate(T_{smax} to T_p)	3°C/s (Max.)
- Liquidous temperature(T_L)	217°C
- Time at liquidous(t_L)	60~150 second
peak temperature(T_p)	245+/-5°C