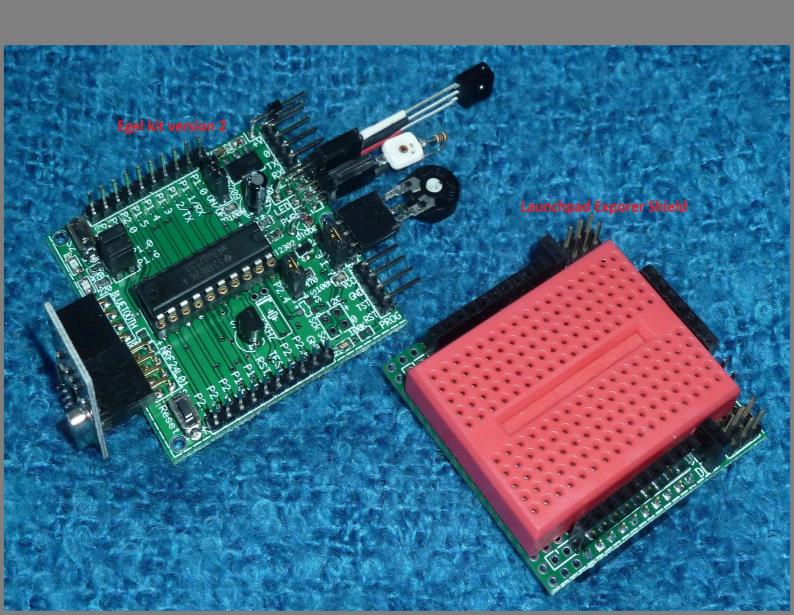
MSP430 Egel kit vsn 2



```
MSP430 Egel kit IO.txt
```

MSP430 Egel kit with MSP430G2553

P1.2 - TXD P1.3 - S2/ADC

P1.3 - S2/ADC P1.4 - STE/nRF-CSN

P1.5 - CLK/nRF-SCK P1.6 - SCL/nRF-MISO/Led Green

P2.0 - RC5-input

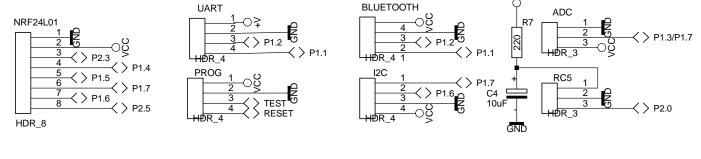
P1.7 - SDA/nRF-MOSI/ADC

P2.1 - IR-Led P2.2 - Free

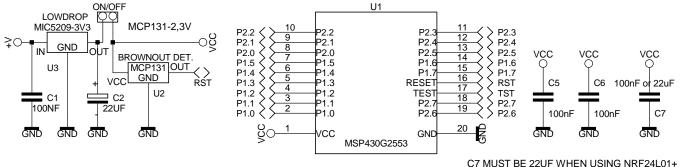
P2.3 - nRF-CE P2.4 - PWM/Relais

P2.5 - nRF-IRQ P2.6 - Xout

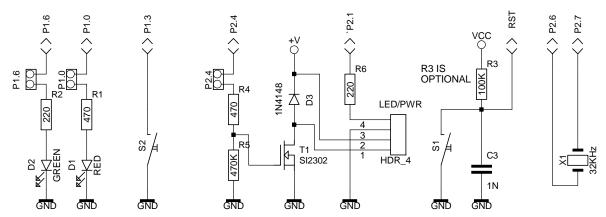
P2.7 - Xin



VCC



MSP430 EGEL KIT - V2



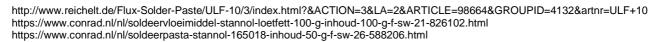
Egel kit vsn 2, Bill of materials

Number	Components	
1	MIC5209-33	
1	TMS2302-mosfet "A2SHB"	
1	MSP430G2553	
1	1N4148	
1	Led red-0603	
1	Led green-0603	
1	32kHz-xtal	
1	MCP131-240	
1	10UF-10V	
6	100nF-0603	
1	1nF-0603	
1	22uF-0603	
3	220-0603 "221"	
6	470-0603 "471"	
1	470K-0603 "474"	
2	Switch	
1	Dil-20	
4	1x10-female	
1	1x2-female	
1	1x4-female angle	
1	2x4-female angle	
1	1x29-male (in pieces)	
1	1x11-male-angle	
2	2x2-male-angle	
1	3x1-male-angle	
2	2x1-male-angle	
2	2x3-male	
5	Jumper	
1	SYB-170 breadboard	
1	Led board	
1	Set wires	

The Egel kit consists of the following components:

- USB RS232/Power cable
- Led board
- Two circuit boards
- Mini breadboard
- A lot of connectors
- Bag with loose (SMD) parts
- Processor MSP430G2553
- Two pushbuttons
- A few wires

Used solder paste (flow control agent or flux):



Soldering of SMD components:

Use a clean solder iron of about 40 Watt.

The tip of the solder iron may be a little blunt, like a small screwdriver.

Use a well lighted loupe. A strong reading glasses or two weaker ones worn over each other does wonders too.

Use enough solder paste or an other kind of flux, place the right component (take care) and center it. Do a drop of solder on the tip.

Its is usefull to have a little longer nails. With your nail you may fix the part to the board. If the part moves try it again and again until it succeeds.

The put the tip with solder on it to the first pad. You see the solder flow from the tip to the component.

See this video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fqHleZjTaH8





Assembly

On both boards there are some SMD components. Look carefully to the drawings for a correct placement.

- 1) Solder first all SMD components.
- Always do all components of the same type and value.
 SMD parts tend to look all the same!
 Do the resistors first, then the capacitators.
- 3) Next the TMS2302-mosfet and both leds, then the MIC5209.
- 4) The remaining parts are easy. The best way is always to mount the lower parts first, etc.

Finally place the CPU correct in the 20-pins socket. Do a final optical check for solder errors and correct possible problems. Connect the wires from the USB cable to the PWR-connector:

+ = red, 0 = black, TX = white and RX = green.

Take care here, finally connect the USB-plug to the PC.

The PC loads the correct driver (PL2303TA Prolific driver).

noForth is preloaded in the MSP430G2553, on the Egel kit both leds will light up shortly signalling startup.

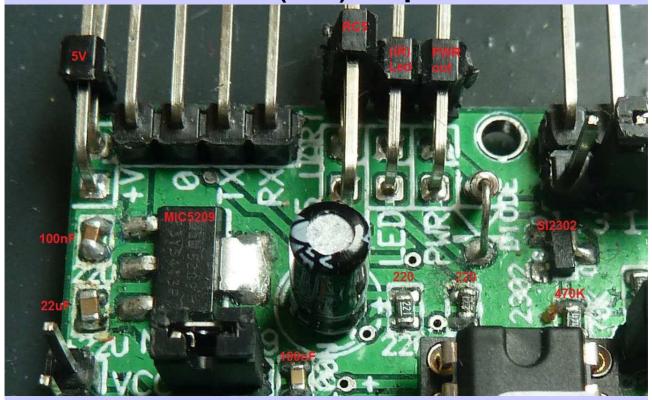
Then start a standard terminal program like Teraterm or Coolterm. Select the correct RS232 connection & baudrate and type enter. When all works fine noForth answers with OK. Now type COLD and the startup message should appear.

Good luck.

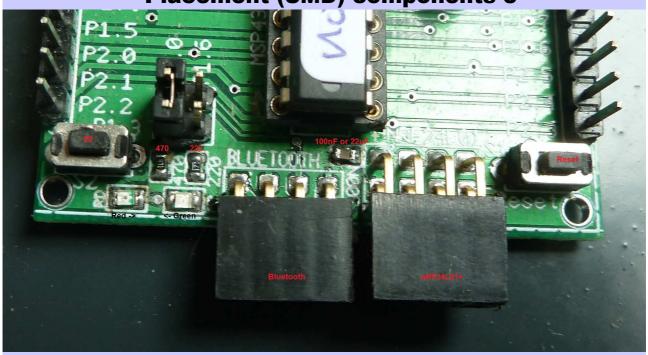
Placement (SMD) components-1



Placement (SMD) components-2

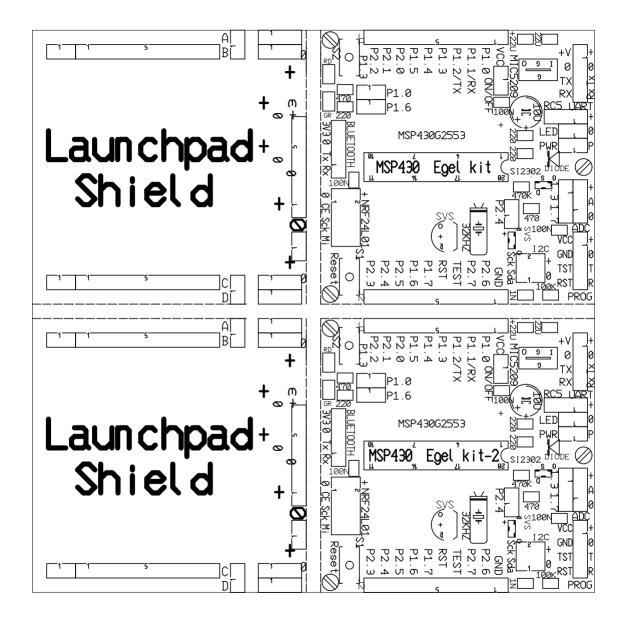


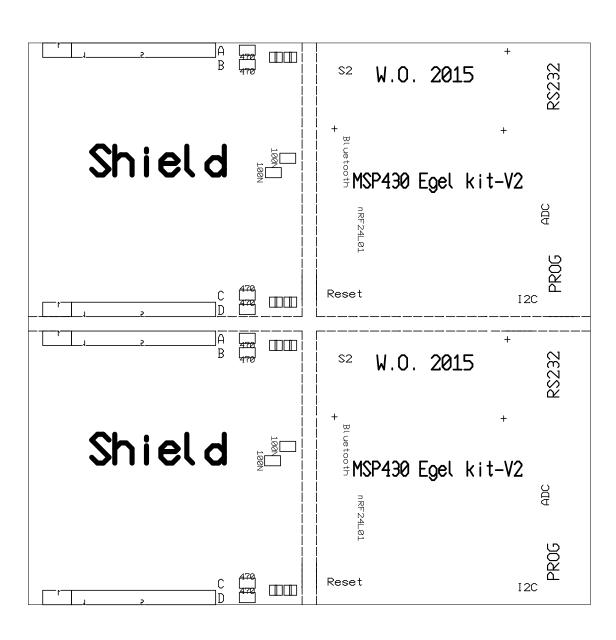
Placement (SMD) components-3

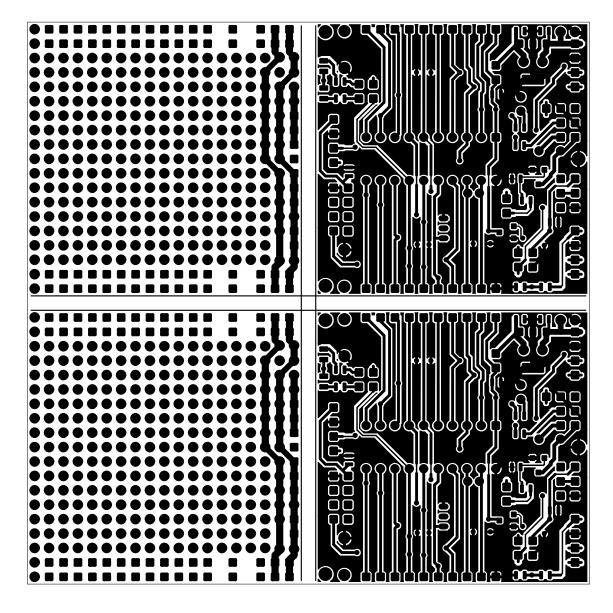


Mosfet SI2302 marking





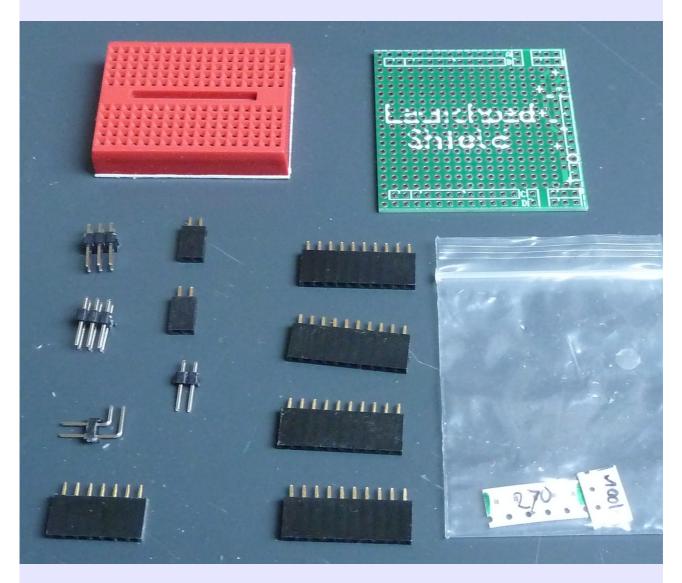




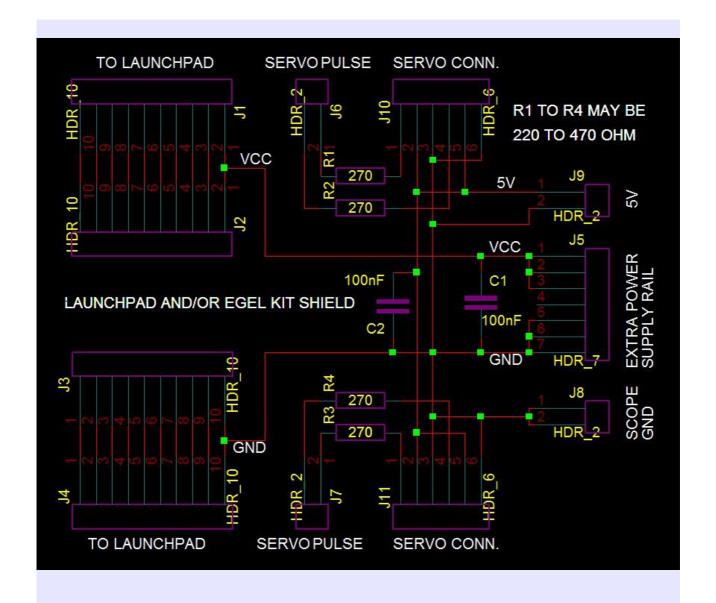
Egel shield construction

Components list:

- 1 x Egel shield printed circuit
 4 x 10 pin female header
 1 x 7 pin female header
 2 x 2 pin female header
 1 x 2 pin male header
 2 x 3x2 pin male header
 1 x 2 pin angle male header
 1 x 2 pin angle male header
 1 x SYB-170 breadboard
 2 x 100nF SMD 0603 capacitator
 4 x 270Ω SMD 0603 resistor

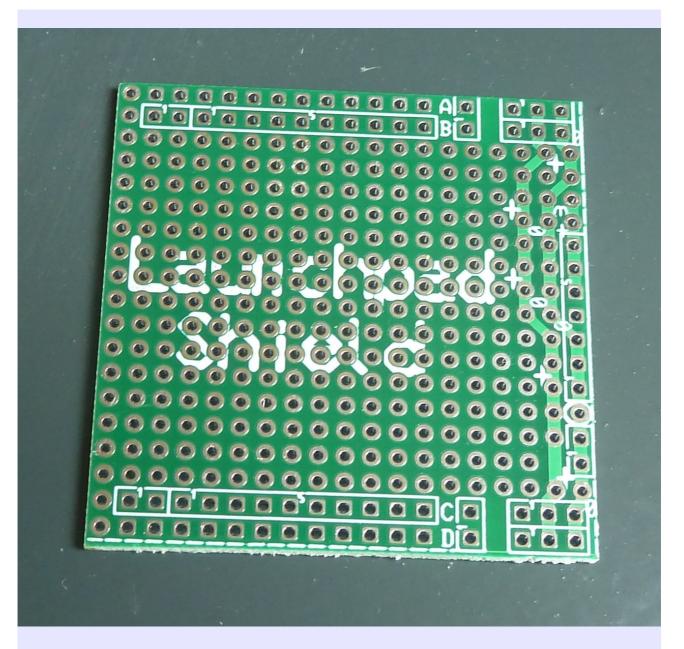


Egel shield all components



Schematic for Lanchpad/Egel kit shield



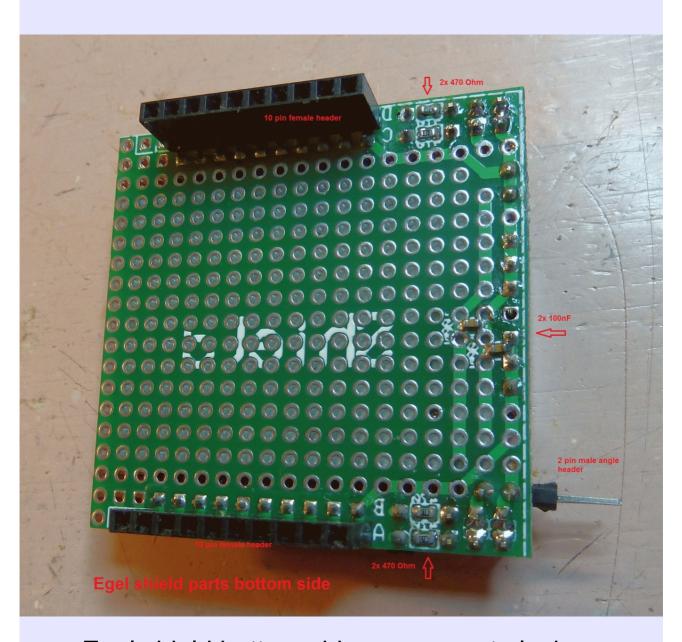


Egel shield top side empty

Use the photo's in this guide as a visual reference!

The Egel shield may be used on the MSP-EXP430G Launchpad and of course the Egel kit which basically is a clone of Launchpad. It is very usefull for experimentation and for doing the Egel project examples.

http://noforth.bitbucket.org/site/egel%20for%20launchpad.html



Egel shield bottom side component placing

Start with the lowest components first, in this case that are the SMD-parts. Use always enough flux or solder paste and keep them with a fingernail onto their place. If the placing is not perfect, just place the component again until it is on the right position.

Put a drop of solder on the tip of the solder iron and let it flow between the component and the solder pad. If one side is done do the other side before placing the next component.

An example on youtube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fqHleZjTaH8

When a component is done check for short circuit and/or failed solder joints and correct them.

When all the compents are done, check again for electrical failures and correct when needed.



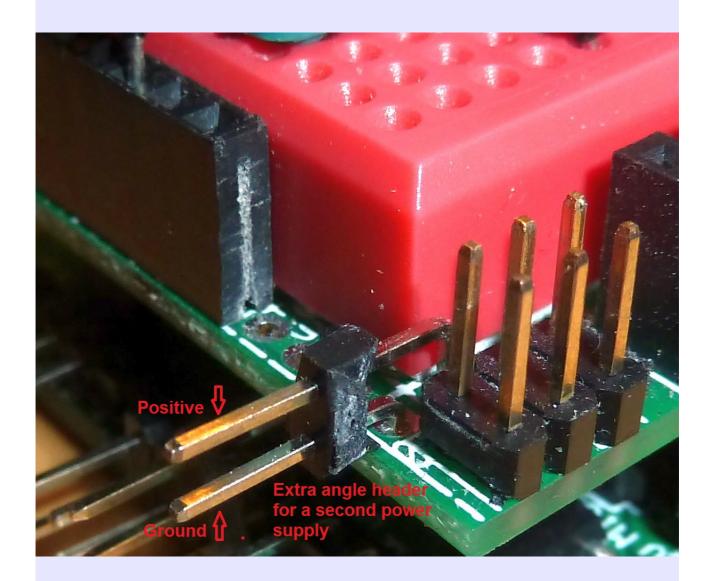
Egel shield top side component placing

Finish the bottom side first before doing the topside, on the topside start with the lowest components too, before adding the higher onces.

When a components is done check for short circuit and/or failed solder joints and correct them.



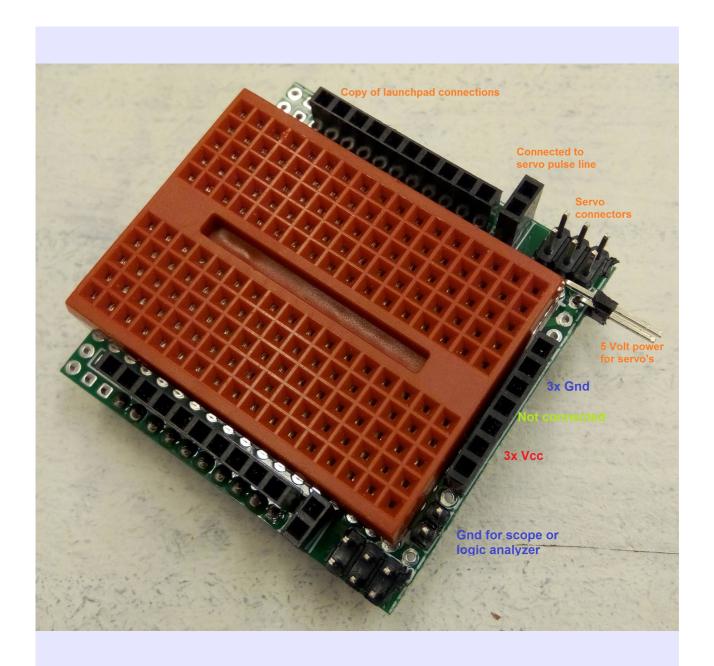
Then place the SYB-170 breadboard on the top using the sticky tape on the bottom of the SYB-170. The Egel shield is ready now.



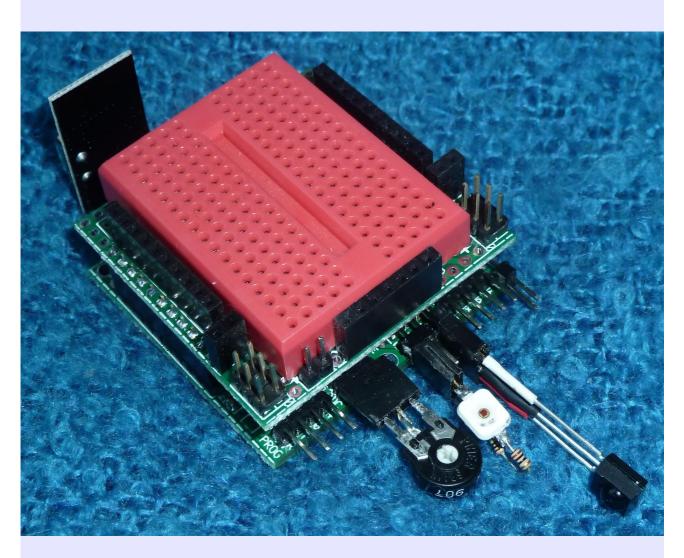
Egel shield top side extra power plug

The extra angle header is connected to both 3x2 male header strips. It may be used to connect model servo's. This power plug then serves as the power supply for these model servo's. See for a usage example chapter 110 of the egel project. This link:

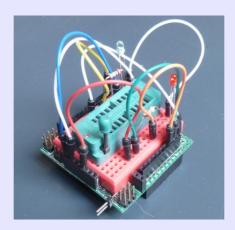
http://noforth.bitbucket.org/site/egel%20for%20launchpad.html#e110



Purpose of connectors on top side of finished Egel shield

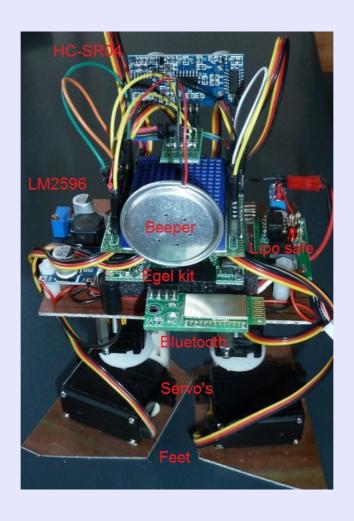


Egel shield top side finished and mounted on the Egel kit



Egel shield wired as cloning programmer

Egel kit used in control of an autonomous Biped robot



with Bluetooth,
Beeper,
US distance meter,
&
LiPo power supply.

Link to Egel chapter about Biped



MIC5209

500mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator

General Description

The MIC5209 is an efficient linear voltage regulator with very low dropout voltage, typically 10mV at light loads and less than 500mV at full load, with better than 1% output voltage accuracy.

Designed especially for hand-held, battery-powered devices, the MIC5209 features low ground current to help prolong battery life. An enable/shutdown pin on SO-8 and TO-263-5 versions can further improve battery life with near-zero shutdown current.

Key features include reversed-battery protection, current limiting, overtemperature shutdown, ultra-low-noise capability (SO-8 and TO-263-5 versions), and availability in thermally efficient packaging. The MIC5209 is available in adjustable or fixed output voltages.

For space-critical applications where peak currents do not exceed 500mA, see the MIC5219.

Features

- Meets Intel® Slot 1 and Slot 2 requirements
- Guaranteed 500mA output over the full operating temperature range
- Low 500mV maximum dropout voltage at full load
- · Extremely tight load and line regulation
- · Thermally-efficient surface-mount package
- · Low temperature coefficient
- · Current and thermal limiting
- · Reversed-battery protection
- No-load stability
- 1% output accuracy
- Ultra-low-noise capability in SO-8 and TO-263-5
- Ultra-small 3mm x 3mm MLF[™] package

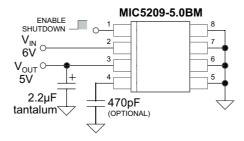
Applications

- · Pentium II Slot 1 and Slot 2 support circuits
- · Laptop, notebook, and palmtop computers
- Cellular telephones
- · Consumer and personal electronics
- SMPS post-regulator/dc-to-dc modules
- · High-efficiency linear power supplies

Typical Applications

MIC5209-2.5BS V_{IN} ≥ 3.0V 1 2 3 V_{OUT} 2.5V ±1% 0.1µF 22µF tantalum

3.3V Nominal-Input Slot-1 Power Supply



Ultra-Low-Noise 5V Regulator

TSC Sb

TSM2302

20V N-Channel Enhancement Mode MOSFET

SOT-23



Pin assignment:

- 1. Gate
- 2. Source
- 3. Drain

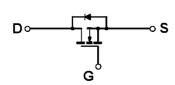
 $V_{DS} = 20V$

 $R_{DS (on)}$, Vgs @ 4.5V, Ids @ 3.6A = 65m Ω $R_{DS (on)}$, Vgs @ 2.5V, Ids @ 3.1A = 95m Ω

Features

- ♦ Advanced trench process technology
- ♦ High density cell design for ultra low on-resistance
- ♦ Excellent thermal and electrical capabilities
- ♦ Compact and low profile SOT-23 package

Block Diagram



Ordering Information

Part No.	Packing	Package	
TSM2302CX	Tape & Reel	SOT-23	

Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta = 25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DS}	20V	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 8	V	
Continuous Drain Current	I _D	2.4	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current	I _{DM}	10	А	
Maximum Power Dissipation	Ta = 25 °C	P _D	1.25	W
	Ta = 75 °C		0.8	
Operating Junction Temperature		TJ	+150	°C
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T _J , T _{STG}	- 55 to +150	°C

Thermal Performance

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Lead Temperature (1/8" from case)	TL	5	S
Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance (PCB mounted)	Rθja	100	°C/W

Note: Surface mounted on FR4 board t<=5sec.

TSM2302 1-1 2003/12 rev. C

Product Description

Specification of TACT switch Series

Temperature :-25°~+-85°C

Rated Load :DC12V 0.1A

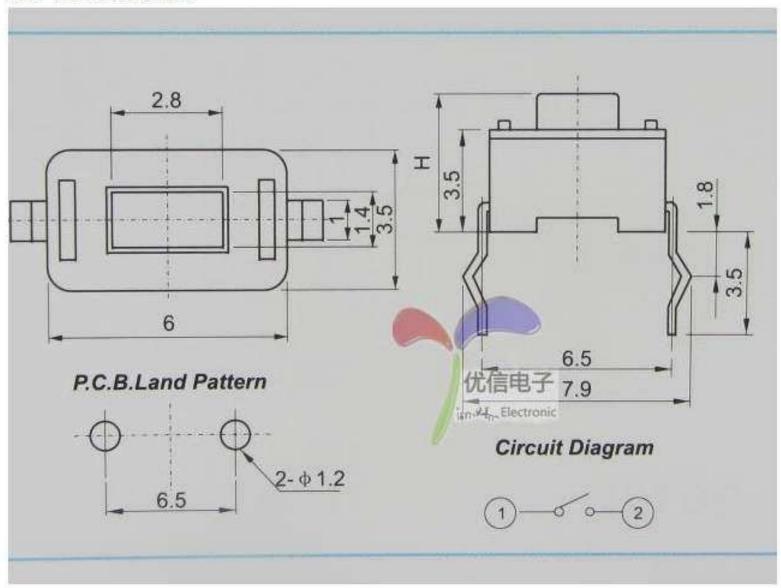
Contact Resistance :<=0.03Ω

Withstand Voltage :AC250 V (50Hz) /MIN

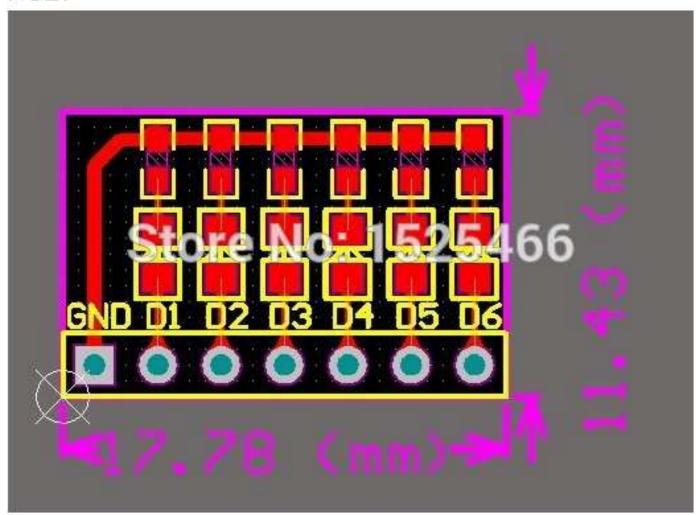
Actuation Force :1.3+-0.5N

Lnsulation Resistance :>=100MΩ

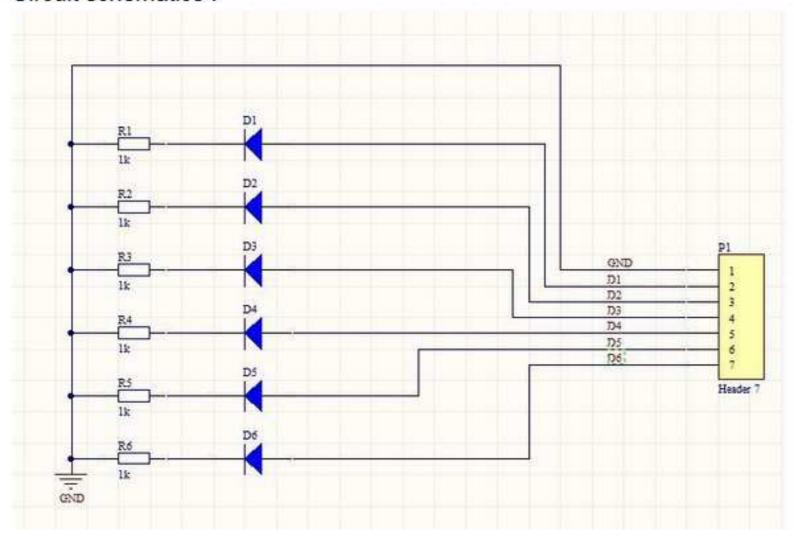
Life :100000 times



PCB:



Circuit schematics:





支持Win XP/vista/7/8/8.1





Micropower Voltage Supervisors

Features

- Ultra low supply current: 1.75 μA (steady-state max.)
- · Precision monitoring options of:
 - 1.90V, 2.32V, 2.63V, 2.93V, 3.08V, 4.38V and 4.63V
- · Resets microcontroller in a power-loss event
- RST pin (Active-low):
 - MCP121: Active-low, open-drain
 - MCP131: Active-low, open-drain with internal pull-up resistor
 - MCP102 and MCP103: Active-low, push-pull
- Reset Delay Timer (120 ms delay, typ.)
- Available in SOT23-3, TO-92 and SC-70 packages
- Temperature Range:
 - Extended: -40°C to +125°C (except MCP1XX-195)
 - Industrial: -40°C to +85°C (MCP1XX-195 only)
- · Pb-free devices

Applications

- Critical Microcontroller and Microprocessor Power-monitoring Applications
- Computers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Portable Battery-powered Equipment

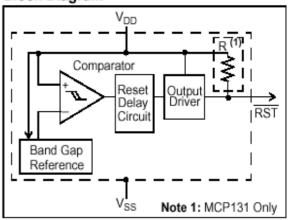
General Description

The MCP102/103/121/131 are voltage supervisor devices designed to keep a microcontroller in reset until the system voltage has reached and stabilized at the proper level for reliable system operation. Table 1 shows the available features for these devices.

TABLE 1: DEVICE FEATURES

Block Diagram

Package Types



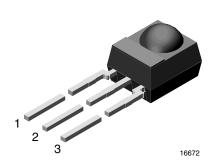
Davisa	Output		Reset	Package Pinout	Comment	
Device	Type Pull-up Resistor Delay (typ)		Delay (typ)	(Pin # 1, 2, 3)		
MCP102	Push-pull	No		RST, V _{DD} , V _{SS}		
MCP103	Push-pull	No		Vss, RST, V _{DD}		
MCP121	Open-drain	External		RST, V _{DD} , V _{SS}		
MCP131	Open-drain	Internal (~95 kΩ)	120 ms	RST, V _{DD} , V _{SS}		
MCP111	Open-drain	External	No	V _{OUT} , V _{SS} , V _{DD}	See MCP111/112 Data Sheet (DS21889)	
MCP112	Push-Pull	No	No	V _{OUT} , V _{SS} , V _{DD}	See MCP111/112 Data Sheet (DS21889)	

TSOP321.., TSOP323.., TSOP325.., TSOP341.., TSOP343.., TSOP345..

www.vishay.com

Vishay Semiconductors

IR Receiver Modules for Remote Control Systems



MECHANICAL DATA

 $1 = OUT, 2 = V_S, 3 = GND$

Pinning for TSOP341.., TSOP343.., TSOP345..: $1 = \mathsf{OUT}, \ 2 = \mathsf{GND}, \ 3 = \mathsf{V_S}$ Pinning for TSOP321.., TSOP323.., TSOP325..:

FEATURES

- Very low supply current
- · Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- · Improved shielding against EMI
- Supply voltage: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- · Improved immunity against ambient light
- Insensitive to supply voltage ripple and noise
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912





ROHS
COMPLIANT
HALOGEN
FREE
GREEN

DESCRIPTION

These products are miniaturized receivers for infrared remote control systems. A PIN diode and a preamplifier are assembled on a lead frame, the epoxy package acts as an IR filter.

The demodulated output signal can be directly connected to a microprocessor for decoding. The TSOP321.., TSOP341.. are legacy products compatible with all common IR remote control data formats. The TSOP323.., TSOP343 are optimized to better suppress spurious pulses from energy saving fluorescent lamps. The TSOP325.., TSOP345.. have an excellent noise suppression. They are immune to dimmed LCD backlighting and any fluorescent lamps. AGC3 and AGC5 may also suppress some data signals in case of continuous transmission. Between these three receiver types, the TSOP323.., TSOP343.. are preferred. Customers should initially try the TSOP323.., TSOP343.. in their design.

This component has not been qualified according to automotive specifications.

PARTS TABLE							
AGC		LEGACY, FOR SHORT BURST REMOTE CONTROLS (AGC1)		NOISY ENVIRONMENTS AND SHORT BURSTS (AGC3)		VERY NOISY ENVIRONMENTS AND SHORT BURSTS (AGC5)	
	30 kHz	TSOP34130	TSOP32130	TSOP34330	TSOP32330	TSOP34530	TSOP32530
	33 kHz	TSOP34133	TSOP32133	TSOP34333	TSOP32333	TSOP34533	TSOP32533
Carrier	36 kHz	TSOP34136	TSOP32136	TSOP34336	TSOP32336 (1)(2)	TSOP34536	TSOP32536 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
frequency	38 kHz	TSOP34138	TSOP32138	TSOP34338	TSOP32338 (3)(4)(5)(6)	TSOP34538	TSOP32538 (3)(4)(5)
	40 kHz	TSOP34140	TSOP32140	TSOP34340	TSOP32340	TSOP34540	TSOP32540
	56 kHz	TSOP34156	TSOP32156	TSOP34356	TSOP32356	TSOP34556	TSOP32556
Package		Mold					
Pinning						1 = OUT, 2 = V _S , 3 = GND	
Dimensions	(mm)	6.0 W x 6.95 H x 5.6 D					
Mounting		Leaded					
Application		Remote control					
Best remote	control code	⁽¹⁾ MCIR ⁽²⁾ RCMM ⁽³⁾ Mitsubishi ⁽⁴⁾ RECS-80 Code ⁽⁵⁾ r-map ⁽⁶⁾ XMP-1, XMP-2					

